Osterman Research SURVEY REPORT

Survey Report by Osterman Research Published January 2019

Why Your Company Needs Third Party Solutions for Office 365

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Overview

Office 365 is a capable and robust communications and collaboration platform. Microsoft has assembled a wide collection of features and functions that can satisfy a range of corporate requirements for email, voice, desktop productivity and collaboration that has proven to be highly successful.

Microsoft is attempting to deliver a cloud service that does many things for a broad range across productivity, security, compliance, and data protection. This is a significant task and has many complexities and inter-dependencies that must be traded off against one another. Like any large platform with a large and diverse user base, it frequently provides a "good enough" capability in many areas, but does not necessarily provide the depth of capability or specialized solutions for customers with needs and requirements beyond the basics. These may be companies looking for deeper functionality or better performance in specific areas, or companies with specialized needs, like companies in regulated sectors or those subject to new multi-sector data protection legislation that need to satisfy their legal, regulatory or best practices requirements.

The tight inter-linkages between multiple services also create single points-of-failure, such as the two multi-factor authentication meltdowns that occurred during November 2018. Moreover, Osterman Research has found that many third-party solutions often present a better alternative to some of the native capabilities within the Office 365 platform.

In short, Osterman Research believes that Office 365 and Exchange Online are important and capable platforms that should seriously be considered for use by just about any organization. However, decision makers should understand their real requirements and identify any feature or performance gaps vis-à-vis the platform. Office 365 provides a solid foundation to which many organizations should then add third-party solutions in order to provide higher levels of security, content management, encryption and other capabilities. We note that the use of third-party solutions will often enable the use of less expensive Office 365 plans, resulting in a total cost of ownership that can be lower than if more expensive Office 365 plans are used.

ABOUT THIS WHITE PAPER

This survey report presents the results of a primary market research survey conducted with members of the Osterman Research survey panel and others during October 2018. The survey was conducted with 124 members of the panel, located primarily in North America.

Here are the key details of the survey:

- Mean number of employees at the organizations surveyed: 19,485 (median was 1,400).
- Mean number of email users at the organizations surveyed: 20,764 (median was 1,900).

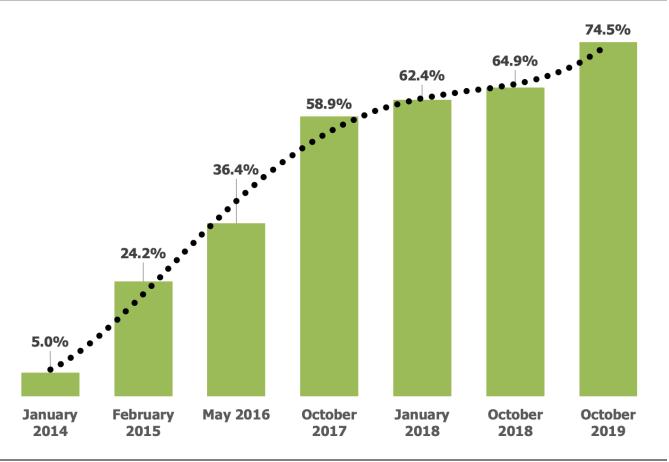
To qualify for the survey, participants had to:

- Work for an organization that had at least 50 employees,
- Had begun migrating employees to Office 365 or had plans to do so within the next 12 months, and
- Be an IT decision maker and/or influencer with regard to the deployment of Office 365 in their organization.

The white paper developed as part of this project is available at ostermanresearch.com.

Survey Findings

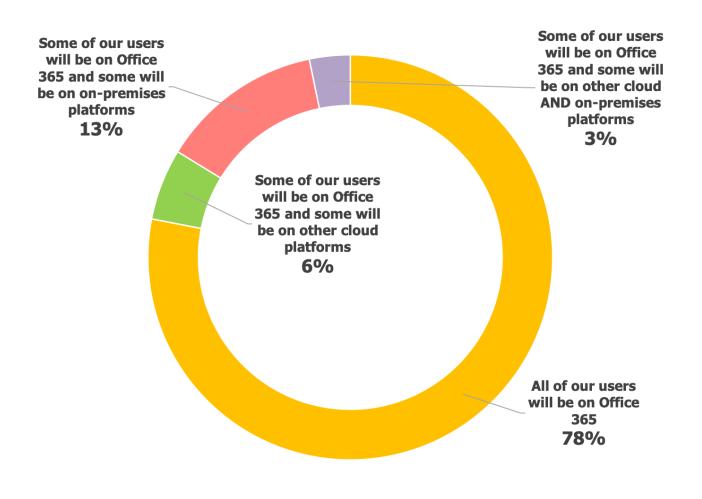
Figure 1 Percentage of Users that Employ Office 365



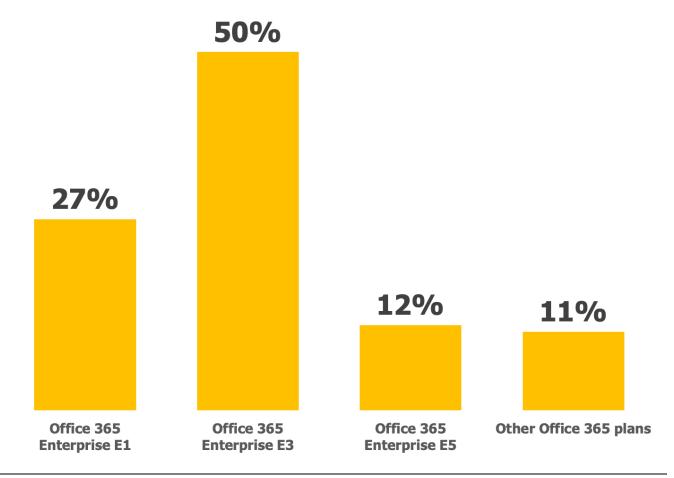
Source: Osterman Research, Inc.

Data taken from the current survey, as well as past Osterman Research surveys

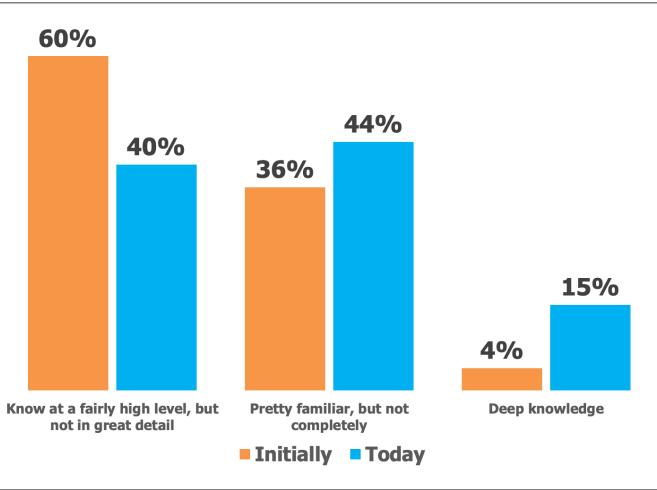
Figure 2 Plans for the Office 365 Deployment Once it is Completed



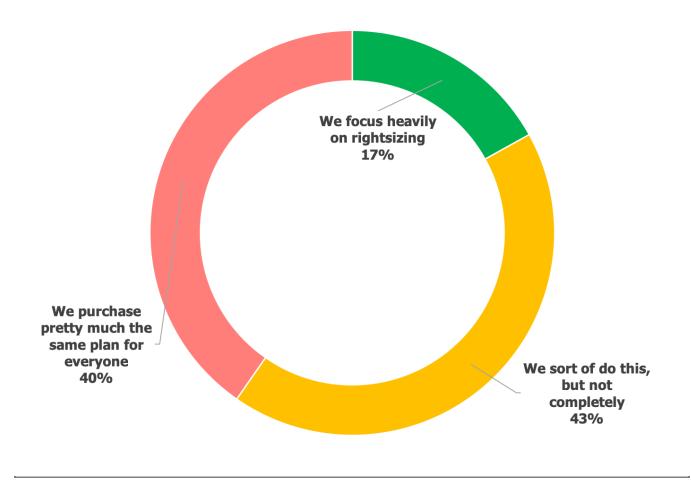




Knowledge Level of Decision Makers About Office 365 Currently and When the Initial Decision to Implement Office 365 Was Made







Importance of Various IT Issues

Percentage Responding "Important" or "Extremely Important"

| | % |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|
| The ability to protect against Phishing attacks | 85% |
| The ability to detect malicious email send | 73% |
| The ability to identify, monitor and automatically protect sensitive information | 71% |
| The ability to search content | 62% |
| The ability to archive email | 60% |
| The ability to detect unauthorized sharing of content through OneDrive or SharePoint | 56% |
| Enabling inspection of inbound encrypted email | 56% |
| The ability to automatically redact sensitive information sent in email or attachments | 55% |
| The ability to monitor email and other Microsoft workloads | 51% |
| Rapid email delivery that is as close to real time as possible | 50% |
| The ability to report on email and other Microsoft workloads | 48% |
| The ability to archive content types other than email | 43% |
| Highly granular policy management | 42% |
| To be able to recover OneDrive data on demand | 41% |
| To be able to recover SharePoint Online data on demand | 41% |
| To be able to recover individual SharePoint online files | 39% |
| Having archived content stored separately from the email infrastructure | 35% |
| Giving users the ability to manage encrypted messages that they send (create expiration time, recall sent messages, etc.) | 35% |
| To be able to recover OneDrive data from any point in time | 35% |
| The ability to measure the end user experience | 35% |
| Enabling desktop-to-desktop encryption | 31% |
| The ability to remove hidden information in attachments, such as document properties or version information | 27% |
| The ability to protect users against accidental email send | 25% |

Importance of Native Office 365 Capabilities Percentage Responding "Important" or "Extremely Important"

| | % |
|----------------------------------------------------|-----|
| Email | 93% |
| Multi-factor authentication | 68% |
| Exchange Online Advanced Threat Protection | 68% |
| Data loss prevention policies | 66% |
| Advanced Security Management | 66% |
| Office 365 Cloud App Security | 58% |
| Reporting | 58% |
| Skype for Business | 54% |
| Exchange Online Archiving | 53% |
| Advanced eDiscovery | 50% |
| SharePoint Online | 47% |
| Auto classification using Advanced Data Governance | 46% |
| Monitoring | 46% |
| OneDrive for Business | 45% |
| Manual retention and deletion policies | 37% |
| Microsoft Team | 33% |
| Skype Meeting Broadcast | 29% |
| Manual classification of content | 27% |
| Power BI Pro | 25% |
| Customer Lockbox | 23% |
| PSTN calling | 19% |
| MyAnalytics | 18% |
| Cloud PBX | 18% |
| Microsoft Planner | 14% |
| Yammer | 10% |
| Microsoft StaffHub | 9% |

Importance of Various Archiving Capabilities

Percentage Responding "Important" or "Extremely Important"

| | % |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|
| The ability to archive email from Office 365 | 71% |
| The ability to place content on legal hold in Office 365 | 71% |
| The ability to perform eDiscovery in Office 365 | 69% |
| The ability to supervise data in Office 365 | 52% |
| Maintaining chain-of-custody for archived data | 50% |
| Indexing of all file types used by your organization in an archiving system | 45% |
| The ability to ensure the immutability of archived data | 43% |
| The ability to provide a preview of attachments during a review of archived data without the need to open the attachments themselves | 43% |
| The ability to archive content in OneDrive for Business | 41% |
| The ability to archive SharePoint content | 41% |
| The ability to archive Microsoft teams content | 30% |
| The ability to archive content from other non-Microsoft platforms | 28% |
| The ability to archive Skype for Business content | 25% |
| The ability to archive content from Slack | 13% |
| The ability to archive Yammer content | 12% |

Source: Osterman Research, Inc.

Figure 9

Importance of Various Security Capabilities

Percentage Responding "Important" or "Extremely Important"

| | % |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|
| The ability to block ransomware attacks | 92% |
| The ability to block advanced threats | 91% |
| The ability to block spearphishing attacks | 91% |
| The ability to block zero-day threats | 90% |
| The ability to detect and block all known threats | 89% |
| The ability to detect and block email fraud and email spoofing | 89% |
| The ability to remove active content and other components in an email that might be malicious | 87% |
| The ability to block internal email threats | 77% |
| The ability to offer multi-factor authentication to manage user access | 77% |
| The ability to block malicious files on OneDrive and SharePoint | 76% |
| The ability to plug in third party anti-malware, anti-spam and other security capabilities to Office 365 | 71% |
| The ability to centrally manage policies across all communication channels, both within Office 365 and on other platforms | 69% |
| Maintaining control over third-party app access to Office 365 resources | 67% |
| The ability to leverage a third-party two-factor authentication or multi-factor authentication solution | 66% |
| Integration points into our security ecosystem (such as web, network access enforcement points) | 58% |
| The ability to retract emails after they are sent | 57% |
| Support for an outbound email quarantine | 57% |
| The ability to retract documents once they are sent | 56% |
| The ability to protect the personal email of employees, as well as enterprise email | 52% |
| The ability to audit and reverse retractions | 50% |

Importance of Various Office 365 Capabilities

Percentage Responding "Important" or "Extremely Important"

| | % |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|
| Ensuring that Office 365 remains up 24x7 | 92% |
| Maintaining continuity in Office 365 | 74% |
| The ability to implement role-based access control | 71% |
| Maintaining tight control over user access to Office 365 resources | 68% |
| The ability to monitor Office 365 and hybrid deployments | 64% |
| The ability to migrate data into Office 365 while maintaining its chain-of- custody | 59% |
| Re-evaluating and rightsizing exiting on-premises security controls | 59% |
| Managing permissions in SharePoint | 55% |
| The ability to measure the end user experience for Office 365 users | 50% |
| Auditing SharePoint | 46% |

Source: Osterman Research, Inc.

Figure 11

Importance of Various eDiscovery Capabilities Percentage Responding "Important" or "Extremely Important"

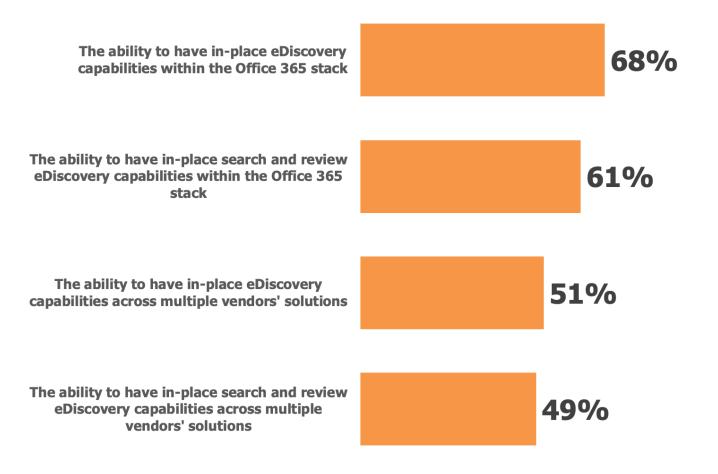


Figure 12 Views About Using Office 365 Plans and Third-Party Applications

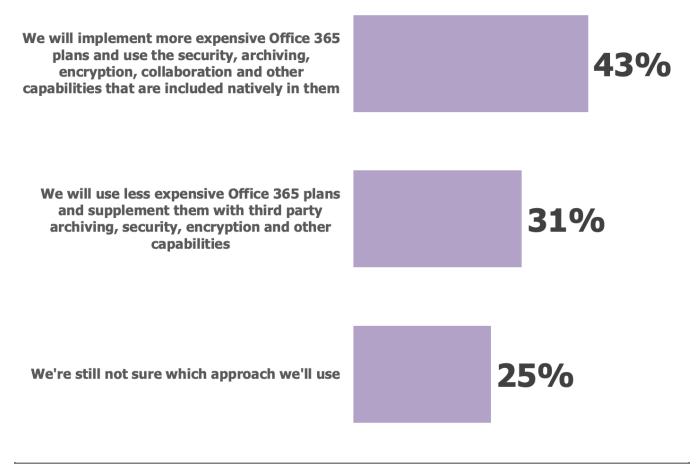
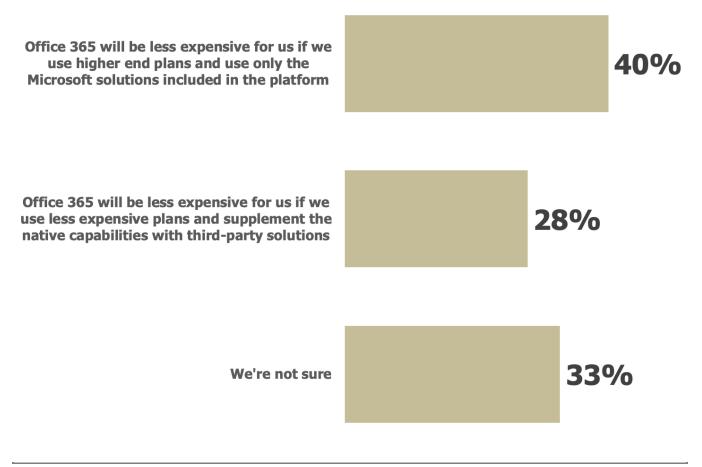


Figure 13 Views on the Cost of Office 365 Based on Use of Native or Third-Party Capabilities





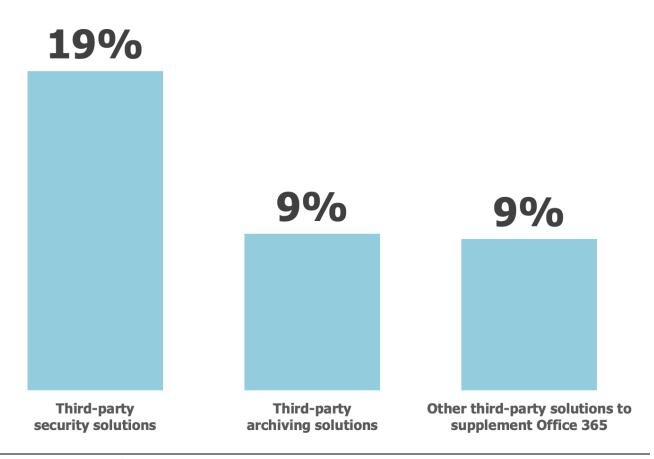
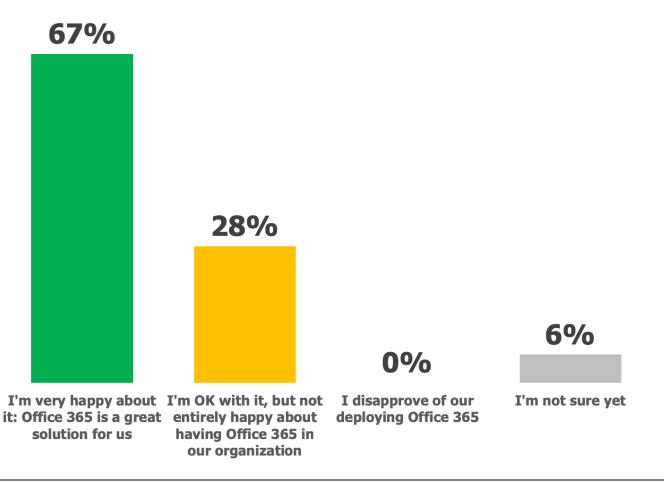
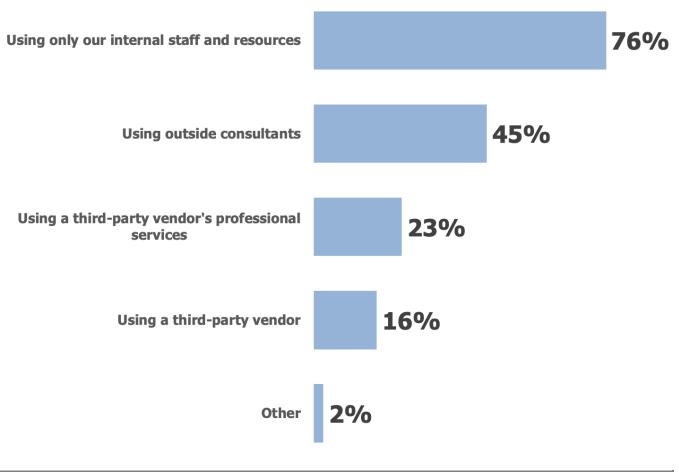


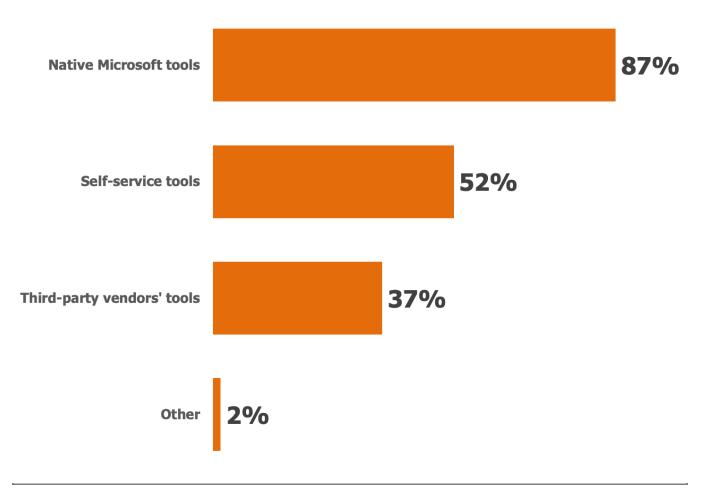
Figure 15 Satisfaction With the Organization's Decision to Deploy Office 365



How Organizations are Preparing or Prepared for the Office 365 Migration or Implementation

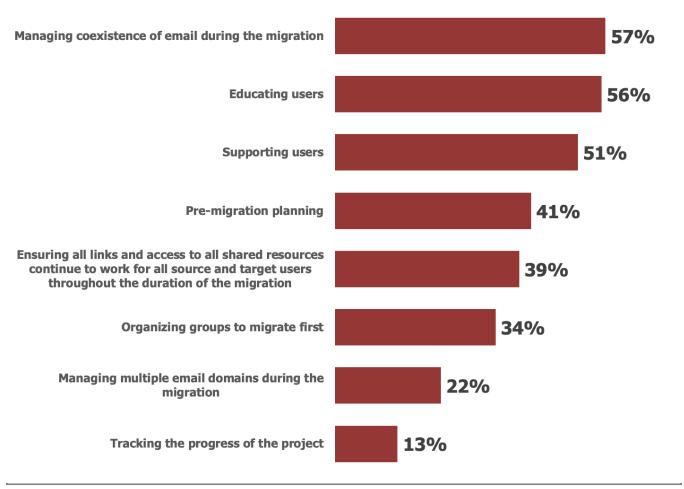


Tools Used for the Migration to or Implementation of Office 365





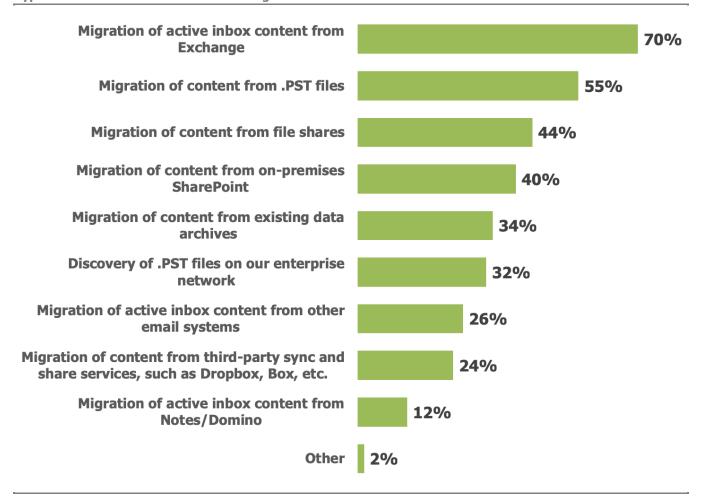
Views on the Most Difficult Part of the Migration to Office 365



SURVEY REPORT: Why Your Company Needs Third Party Solutions for Office 365

Figure 19

Types of Content That Will be or Were Migrated to Office 365



Use of Third-Party Capabilities for Various Capabilities Within Office 365

| Basic security (anti-spam, anti-malware) | 61% | 39% |
|------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------|
| Phishing protection | 54% | 46% |
| Advanced threat protection | 51% | 49% |
| Encryption | 33% | 67% |
| Email archiving | 33% | 67 % |
| Monitoring | 30% | 70 % |
| Identity and access management | 30% | 70 % |
| Archiving of non-email content | 21% | 79% |
| Provisioning new users | 17% | 83% |
| Management of the Office 365 environment | 9% | 91% |
| Will use third-party solutions | Will not use third-party solutions | |
| Sources Octormon Bosonreh Inc | | |

Source: Osterman Research, Inc.

Figure 20

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